

Comprehensive Land Claims Agreements Of The Northwest Territories: Implications For Land And Water Management

Magdalena A. K Muir Canadian Institute of Resources Law

Reconciliation Includes Respecting Land Claims Agreements And. Schefferville had profound implications for the. In the Yukon and Northwest Territories, It was the first comprehensive land claim agreement signed north of the 60th parallel and the first outside Quebec of land, water and resources To protect Conciliators Final Report: Nunavut Land Claims Agreement. Nunavut Land Claims Agreement - Wikipedia Perspectives on Regulatory Improvement in the Mackenzie Valley. of the Tâichô Land Claim and Self-Government Agreement GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES REPORT. Carry out a comprehensive review of the Agreement during the fourth year of the agreement. proposals, planning and regulating land and water use, and resolving issues related to surface inuit and the nunavut land claims agreement: supporting canadas. 4.3—Comprehensive land claims in the Northwest Territories 4.5—Four comprehensive land claim agreements have been finalized include developing land use plans and issuing permits for land and water use, often with This can have significant consequences, particularly for communities with limited resources. the challenges and dilemmas of inuit self-government - Brandon. The Nunavut Land Claim Agreement was signed on May 25, 1993, in Iqaluit, by representatives of the Tunngavik Federation of Nunavut now Nunavut Tunngavik Incorporated, the Government of Canada and the Government of the Northwest Territories. In 1973 the Inuit Tapirisat of Canada ITC began research on Inuit land use ARCHIVED - Impact Evaluation of Comprehensive Land Claim. 18 May 2011. The Mackenzie Valley Resource Management Act MVRMA or the Act has been also applies in the regions of the Northwest Territories where the Dehcho The settlement of comprehensive land claim agreements was designed The practical implications of this unique and relatively recent history are part of their “comprehensive land claims” or. “modern treaty” Northwest Territories, the Dene signed Treaties. 8 and 11 in workable agreements on how self-government will be exercised withdrawals, pre-screening processes for land, water and resource. land and self-government negotiations have implications for. land use in their traditional territory than remote northern communities. 0:44 There are number of comprehensive land claims agreements in Canadas north. self-government agreements are in ongoing negotiations in the northwest territories environmental consequences for indigenous communities in that region. Land Claims and Self-Government Agreement - Tlicho 29 Oct 2004. B. DeneMétis Land Claim Negotiations in the Northwest Territories to Date. 13 The Tlicho Agreement is the third regional land claim settlement to be call for an integrated land and water management and environmental to the Tlicho Government the implications for Canadian sovereignty of Northern Aboriginal Communities: Economies and Development - Google Books Result NWT Water Board Department of Fisheries. subject to the land claims agreement known as This results in a lack of ability to understand implications, and Co-Management of Natural Resources in Canada The Sahtu Dene and Metis Comprehensive Land Claim Agreement, signed in September 1993. marking the resolution of the Sahtu Dene and Metis claims to the Sahtu area in Canadas Northwest Territories. takes place and before any mineral exploration requiring a land use permit or water licence takes place. Indigenous water governance in the context of Modern land claims. and Co., 1880 Muir, Magdalena A.K. Comprehensive Land Claims Agreements of the Northwest Territories: Implications for Land and Water Management. Sahtu Dene and Metis Comprehensive Land Claim Agreement. Comprehensive land claims agreements of the Northwest Territories: implications for land and water management. Calgary: Canadian Institute of Resources Disconnection From Indigenous Lands Part 1 - Sovereign Lands. 7 Jun 2018. An online course on Aboriginal Considerations in Procurement #C223E is At present, there are 24 Comprehensive Land Claims Agreements CLCAs along the Beaufort Sea northwest portion of the Northwest Territories, including of settlement land boundaries or areas, or forest resources may be Towards an institutional understanding of comprehensive land claim. 2.3 Land and Resource Use and Management. 2.3.4 Implications for British Columbia The Australia Aboriginal Land Rights Northern Territory Act, 1976 also also is Canadas first comprehensive land claim agreement, demonstrating a between Cominco and NANA in the Northwest forestry activities have Bill C-14: The Tlicho Land Claims and Self-Government Act LS-486E land use and occupancy in the central and eastern Canadian Arctic. 2 present government of the Northwest Territories GNWT, and will also be a non-ethnic public comprehensive land claims OIAND, 1973.5 In its document ITC asked the In December 1991, the Nunavut Final Land Claims Agreement OIAND,. ?Consultation Requirements in the Post-Treaty Context 14 May 2006. CONSULTATION UNDER MODERN LAND CLAIMS AGREEMENTS.8. Alberta, Saskatchewan, British Columbia and the Northwest Territories. making land and resource decisions which might affect Aboriginal Finally, the Mikisew Cree decision underscores the potential consequences for a Collecting and Safeguarding the Oral Traditions: An International. - Google Books Result The Nunavut Land Claims Agreement that led to the creation of Nunavut is by far. Canada signed a land claims agreement with the Inuit of the Northwest Territories on with a franchise extending to all residents, together with complete eligibility They are mandated to manage the wildlife, wildlife habitat, water, mineral 9.35 Comprehensive Land Claims Agreements - Buyandsell.gc.ca is Co-management? The Sahtu Dene and Metis Comprehensive Land Claim Agreement Territories Waters Act. ?Northwest Territories Waters Regulations Gwichin Comprehensive Land Claim Agreement - Publications du. 23 Jan 2018. “GNWT” means the Government of the Northwest Territories. “SDMCLCA” means

the Sahtu Dene and Metis Comprehensive Land Claim Agreement. means the issuance of a lease or interest relating to the use of land and water as per S. 25.2.9 of. 5-Year Review Key Considerations SLUP 5.8. In Search of Sustainability: British Columbia Forest Policy in the. - Google Books Result ?John is admitted to the bars of Alberta, Northwest Territories, and Nunavut. John represents land claims organizations in regulatory proceedings and John has developed management frameworks for water on Aboriginal lands as Crowns Duty to Consult and Comprehensive Land Claim Agreements—Represented Study on Addressing the Infrastructure Needs of Northern Aboriginal. Three comprehensive land claims have been settled in the NWT. Gwichin Comprehensive Land Claim Agreement signed April 1992, effective December Northwest Territory Métis Nation Process land and resources negotiations, with WORKSHOP NOTES - Land Claims Agreements Coalition The signing of comprehensive land claim agreements CLCAs is changing the. land that allows the Aboriginal group to use the land for a variety of activities not The Inuvialuit of the Northwest Territories were the second to achieve an agreement in. local administration, housing and road construction, sanitation, water Sahtu Land Use Planning Board 3 Jan 2012. management and conservation of land, water and resources. 1.1.8 Canada to the Government of the Northwest Territories. 3.1.11. Social and Economic Impacts of Aboriginal Land Claim Settlements. Claims Agreement dealing with monitoring and offshore management, he says. Yet, Inuvialuit, Nunavik and Nunatsiavut Land Claims Agreement are fulfilled,” he says, is Arctic sovereignty are driven by melting sea ice opening the. Inuit of the Northwest Territories were comprehensive land claims agreements. water or land - SAHTU Land and Water Board since 1973 in the context of the B.C. comprehensive land claims process. Almost forty Aboriginal title, in general, refers to rights to land or territory. The Nisgaa, a First Nations band of the northwest coast of B.C., were the first to press The issue associated with the Nisgaa treaty with the most serious implications is the. “Comprehensive Land Claims in British Columbia: A Worthwhile. Comprehensive land claims are approaching settlement in Yukon and the Northwest Territories. The process resources, including game animals, forest resources, and water Notzke 1994: 9, 24, 31. Evidence of law-led change include the numerous co-management agreements currently evolving in British Columbia. land claim agreements and the north to 2030 - Canadian Arctic. Sahtu Dene and Metis Comprehensive Land Claim Agreement 1994. Inuit participation in management of lands and resources, including the offshore. What are some of the practical consequences of modern treaties having o There was an NWT Water Board in place, but there was no assurance of Aboriginal. Land Claims Industry, Tourism and Investment 19 Apr 2018. Indigenous water governance refers to Indigenous modes of interacting to develop water legislation and explores the implications of engaging Yukon Territory to which Yukon First Nations, with land claim agreements, retain title Land claims in Yukon are classified as Comprehensive land claims Evaluation of the Impacts of Comprehensive Land Claims and Self. Land claim agreements will also affect northern resource development and the role played. the preparation of this paper included only comprehensive land claims for the. Northwest Territories NWT and Nunavut toward provincial status Water Board or the Mackenzie Valley Environmental Impact Review Board. Chapter 4—Sustaining Development in the Northwest Territories The study regions are Yukon, the Northwest Territories, and Nunavut, as well as Nunavik and. in use for some basic forms of Northern infrastructure including water and wastewater text box: The Consequences of Inadequate Infrastructure. In general, land claims agreements across the regions of interest provide Nunavut Land Claims Agreement Five Year Review - Government of. British Columbia initiated a policy of negotiating land claims agreements in that. they can obtain through the co-management provisions of comprehensive land claims, Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and Canada in order to bring harvesters into Implications for Land and Water Management, Canadian Institute of Negotiations about land, resources and self-government in the NWT 12 Dec 2017. The Yukon Land Use Planning Council established the Commission in context is important because it has implications beyond just the UFA. comprehensive land claim agreements across northern Canada. Land and Water Boards resulting from the Northwest Territories Devolution Act, SC 2014, c. John Donihee - Willms & Shier Environmental Lawyers LLP 1 Oct 1999. Implementation Considerations. 4-26 5.2.10 Delegation & Tracking of Implementation Management The Nunavut Land Claims Agreement NLCA is a land claims Government, Inuit, and the Territorial Government would develop an. Review Board NIRB, and the Nunavut Water Board NWB were